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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1904.

32 PAGES ... FIVE CENTS.

CHT MAN AT THE THROTTL

publican Engine Is All Right.

Sesevelt at the Helm Means a Safe Run for All.

nks Delivers Several Addresses Missouri on Prosperity of the Country.

ICAGO, Ill., Sept. 3.—Senator banks departed from Kansas City today for this city on the regutchison, Topeka & Santa Fe train, ute to Bath, Me., where he speaks onday. The programme of the day ed speeches by Senator Fairfrom the rear of the train at agton, Carroliton, Marceline, Laand Medill. Mo., and other points. first stop was made at Lexington n. There the Senator made n but he personally greeted all re assembled.

Carrollton there was a longer stay larger crowd, and he made a speech from the rear platform, among other things: Prosperity in Missouri.

Prosperity in Missouri, gratifying indeed to witness as I through the great State of Missouri ridence of interest which you are in the great political questions concern the American people. Misduring the past few years has enamesual to her. There has been rity in the factory, prosperity on im, prosperity upon all the great of commerce. All of this in the possible degree is a high tribute to ficacy and virtue of Republican and Republican administration.

Hold Fast to Republicans.

Hold Fast to Republicans. much in our common interest. We kind in the White House a brave, I man, worthy of the continued acc of the people of Missouri and entire United States, Theodore elt, and I am glad to see evidence State of Missouri which leads me we that the Republicans of this old commonwealth have determined. nwealth have determined ficent Republican in the

albridge, the Republican nomor Governor of Missouri, who was d the train, also spoke for a few

Right Men at Throttle.

Marceline Senator Fairbanks rea trip he had made over the rallway in 1896, and were by no means as many signs resperity along the line then as There then were, he said, many dead engines, es" and many "today the equipment of the is taxed to its utmost. There engineers at the throttle today there were in 1896. Why, my good da? I will tell you why. Because the last seven years we have operating under Republican poliand there have been two great office American statesmen at the tile in Washington. One of them, am McKinley, we followed loyally lovingly in 1896 and again in 1900, in the language of Edwin M. Stan-be now belongs to the args. We he now belongs to the ages. We in the White House his constitu-successor, who is carrying into same policies and the ples for which McKinley stood.

Covered With Flag. the Senator was speaking American flag fell over against He pushed it aside, saying: "We ot pull it down; Republicans pull down the flag. turnout at Laplata was large

Senator was enthusiastically leaving Marceline, Mo., he made or leaving Marceline, Mo., he made al stops and at La Plata, Mo., and sburg and Streator, Ill., made brief

Talks on Tariff.

Salesburg he spoke especially of ect of the tariff upon the indusests and at La Plata he adhis hearer to study political ons for themselves and not to be Republicans or Democrats mere-Leaves Car at Streator.

Streator Mr. Fairbanks spoke by especially upon the tariff. At he left the rear platform of his r the first and only time during He then spoke from a railroad m truck. His speech was with marked enthusiasm. was re-

OCRATIC CAMPAIGN BOOK.

Sheets Have Been Submitted to Candidate Parker.

PUS, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Josiah y, former Mayor of Boston and er of the literary bureau of the atic National committee in the npaign, came to Rosemount tonging with him proof sheets of mocratic handbook. Mr. Quincy ludge Parker went through a mass of the proofs, but the mass of the proofs, but the would make no statements rethe conference, nor the work

ok Practically Completed. leaving Rosemount Mr. Quincy SEEM TO LOSE SENSES.

American Soldiers Returning From Islands Fall Prey to Sharks.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.-The fea-

ture of the annual report of Maj.-Gen. Arthur MacArthur, commanding the Department of California, is the strong language used in reference to the treatlanguage used in reference to the treatment in San Francisco of the soldiers returning from the Philippines and mustered out here. He says the greatest matter of concern which occupies the attention of the department is to get the soldiers returning from the Philippines into possession of their money due on their final payments and safely out of the city before they can be swindled. The ingenuity of the criminal classes of San Francisco to effect this purpose, he says, and the simplicity and apparent inability of the soldiers to protect themselves are alike amazing. Everything has been done in amazing. Everything has been done in the premises that is possible in behalf of the soldiers' interests. Quoting from Col. Markley, the chief paymaster, on this subject, Gen. MacArthur writes; "The stupidity and imbedility of these short term" men coming from the Philippines is almost unbellevable. Young Americans, amply able to take care of themselves anywhere care of themselves anywhere, under any circumstances while in service abroad, seem to take leave of their senses when they arrive on United States soil and willingly become the prey of the sharks found in every big city. Instances and figures could be given to prove that out of 200 of these men paid off and permitted to go to the city on the evening boat, with rall-road tickets purchased and money or-ders (payable to themselves at their homes), fifty would turn up next morning robbed of everything, many dan-

NARROWLY ESCAPE DEATH

gerously injured by blows and drugs

On one occasion out of thirty-one men who foolishly stayed over one night,

nineteen turned up next morning beat-en, robbed of tickets, orders and

Honeymoon of Minneapolis Couple Almost Terminated in Tragedy.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 3 .- The honeymoon of Mr. and Mrs. Thorndyke Racine of Minneapolis, Minn., almost terminated in a tragedy while swimming in the Natatorium in this city. Mrs. Racine was almost drowned in the deep pool. She owes her life to the prompt work of the guards, aided by her hus-Mrs. Racine, upon a dare of her husband, tried to swim across the ten-foot pool. The pool is about thirty feet wide and Mrs. Racine had no trouble until she got one-third of the way, when she began to feel faint. The husband, noticing this, promptly dived into the water after his wife. This had the effect of completely unnerving Mrs. Racine and almost cost the life of the husband, for no sooner did he grab his wife than she began to struggle. A cry of alarm brought the guards and Max Goldhammer to the rescue. Save for a shock Mrs. Racine

ENTERTAINING KNIGHTS.

San Francisco Is Decorated and II-

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3 .- Thus far 3000 visiting Sir Knights have arrived now and next Tuesday. The work of decorating and illuminating the city is nearly completed and tonight Market candescent lamps from the Ferry building to the City hall, nearly 20,000 lights being used. The Grand Court of Honor at the junction of Market, Geary and Kearney streets, is a most imposing one. A huge electrical bell containing over 8000 lights is suspended across the street, making it as light as day.

DENOUNCES POLYGAMY.

Dr. Iliff Declares It a Curse of the

PUEBLO, Colo., Sept. 3.-At a meeting of the Colorado M. E. Church Extension society, Rev. Dr. T. C. Iliff pronounced polygamy as a curse of the land, and cen-sured both political parties for their fail-ure to insert a plank stainst the Mormons in their platform. Dr. Iliff was a mission-ary in Utah for twenty-five years.

book is practically completed, but the printing has been delayed. The book will consist of about 500 pages and the first edition will be of 10,000 copies. The committee in charge of the work con-sists of Mr. Quincy, George S. Parker and Representative Cowherd, chairman of the Democratic Congressional com-mittee. The committee has been entrusted with all other documentary work needed by the National commit-

Says No Censorship.

In relation to Judge Parker's connection with the bandbook Mr. Quincy said that he did not want the idea to get abroad that the candidate is exercising a number of revisions will be made as the result of his examination of the

Massachusetts politics was discussed by Mr. Quincy to some extent and he expressed the belief that a Democratic Governor will be elected in the Bay State. He said the Republicans have been weakened by party dissensions and the reciprocity issue. The Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Congressional districts, combrising the city of Boston, are now controlled by the Democrats and Mr. Quincy said the party would hold them, but that he was not so sure of holding the Fifth district. He promised that the party would carry one other district from the Republican column.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2 .- Sec retary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw opened the Republican campaign in California tonight at the Alhambra theater with a lengthy address on the isthat the compilation of the hand-

KILLED AT A **GRADE CROSSING**

Seven Persons Perish in a Collision.

Twenty-Five Others Injured, Several of Them Fatally.

Wabash Train Crashes Into a Trolley Car, With Terrible

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 3.-Seven persons were killed and twenty-five injured, several fatally, in the wrecking of a Suburban street car by a Wabash passenger train at the Sarah street crossing today. The train, eastbound, which is said to have been running at a speed of thirty miles an hour, struck the car, which was running north, squarely in the center The occupants of the car had no chance to escape. The dead and wounded were carried into the Empire brewery, near by. Five ambulances were summoned and the injured were taken to hospitals, while the dead bodies were conveyed to the morgue. All the injured were from St. Louis and

BOY, 12 years old, name unknown.
MRS CHARLES MERKLE, St. Louis.
GEORGE M. MAJORS, Maplewood.
JOHN W. WILSON, St. Louis.
HARRY B. CULP, aged 60, St. Louis.
ANDREW M'KINLEY, aged 12, St.

M. B. BRISTOL, aged 60, Webster TWO UNIDENTIFIED WOMEN.

Seriously Injured.

BRISTOW, 50, Internal, L. I. WILSON, MARY RUDDENSICK, 34, leg

M. L. CULP, 60, leg broken.
M. L. CULP, 60, leg broken.
MISS ALICE ATKINS, leg broken,
E. J. COLEMAN, leg broken,
JOHN GILLESPIE, internal.
L. R. WILSON.
RAYMOND REISTER aged II, St.
Louis, right leg lacerated and body

bruised.
C. E. SHUMACKER, St. Louis, cut and ALFRED JENNINGS, face cut and

Strewn Along Track.

The roof of the street car lodged on the tender of the train, which ran a block before stopping. The dead and injured were strewn along both sides of the track for that distance. Two hundred feet east of the scene of the collision the bodies of the dead were found on the ground. One woman was found dead under the wreck of the car.

Head Was Severed. The head of another woman was sev-ered from the body. A boy's legs were cut off and he died on the way to the hos-pital. Another body under the wreckage makes seven dead.

A. W. Burbank, engineer of the Wa-bash train, said after the accident: "I was within 160 yards of the Suburban crossing when I saw the Suburban car start across the track. Right in the mid-die of the railroad trick, right in the path of my engine, the car stopped. Why, I dle of the railroad trick, right in the path of my engine, the car stopped. Why. I can't say I attempted to reverse the engine and put on all the steam I had. However, I succeeded only in slackening the speed of the train to about twelve miles an hour. It struck the street car so hard that it knocked its trucks a hundred feet. Part of the car fell over on the locomotive and was carried along the structure.

Filled With Passengers.

"The car was southbound and was filled with passengers, many of them on their way to their homes in the suburbs. The train which struck it was a shuttle train coming into the city from the World's fair grounds. The engine was backing, with the tender in front. For reasons which have not been explained the car stopped on the crossing squarely across the track on which the train was approaching."

COUNTY OFFICIALS INDICTED

Grand Jury at Butte Returns Bills Against Several.

BUTTE, Mont., Sept. 3.-The grand jury today returned to Judge William Clancy a partial report of the work done by that body in the return of indictments directed against certain county officials of Silver Bow county. The report makes a number against Coroner M. Egan, Commiss er W. D. Clark, Assessor Daniel Brown and others. "Steal," "barefaced pilfering of the public moneys," and freely used throughout in the grand jury's report. At its recent sittings the grand jury returned about twenty indictments against the Silver Bow officials. Today's report arraigns several of the county officials for methods in the conduct of the affairs of the county.

DIED IN A CHAIR.

Young Man Found Dead at His Home in Berkeley.

BERKELEY, Cal., Sept. 3.-Arthur Skipper, aged 19, was found dead sitting in a chair at the home of his father, Capt. J. J. Skipper, today. The lad had no been seen since last Thursday. Capt Skipper, who is master of the schoone Valentine, is now with his wife and two daughters at Grey's harbor. The body discovered by the boy's aunt, Mrs.

REFUSES TO CALL COUNCIL.

President Gompers Will Not Convene Labor Leaders to Consider Strike.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.-President Gompere f the American Federation of Labor has refused to call a meeting of the National Council of Labor to consider a general strike of unionists in sympathy with the packing-house strike.

The request that he call a meeting of the National council in Chicago was made last week by Secretary Edward N. Nick-

last week by Secretary Edward N. Nickels of the Chicago federation. Today Secretary Nickels received a letter from
Gompers, in which he said:

"A meeting of the executive council has
been called for September 12, and the
members cannot attend a meeting earlier.
Several of them are away from their
headquarters—some of them nearly 1500
miles away—to make Labor day addresses
next Monday. It would be a pleasure for
me if I might have compiled with the
request of the Chicago Federation of Labor, but you can readily see how utterly
impossible is such a course. The strike
of the butcher workmen has received and
is receiving my most watchful care, and
I would be pleased to do anything in my
power—and I know my colleagues of the
council would join me in this expression—
if I could be of any service in the interest
of our fellow-workmen."

"The American Federation of Labor."
said Secretary Nickels, "has no power to
call strikes. It could recommend sympathetic strikes."

Compiaint has reached the union headquarters at the stockyards from several
quarters that the local unions are not
supporting the stockyards strike.

BEATEN INTO INSENSIBILITY.

Two Unknown Men Capture Watchman and Attempt to Loot Safe.

PHILIPSBURG, Mont., Sept. 2.-Two unknown men entered the storehouse of the Granite Bimetallic Consolidated Mining company last night and held up the watchman, George Johnson, with rewatchman, George Johnson, with revolvers. He refused to surrender and was beaten into insensibility. The robbers then set to work to open the bullion safes, in which thousands of dollars of gold is stored. While they were at work preparing to dynamite, Johnson, who had not been bound, recovered consciousness. He ran out of the storehouse and gave the alarm. The men escaped without having effected an entrance into the vaults, Later two suspects, James Thompson and John Smith, were taken by a Sheriff's posse. They protest their innocence and Johnson cannot identify them.

WILL TEACH ENGLISH.

Igorrotes, Moros and Negritos to Attend School.

ST. LOUIS, World's Fair Grounds, Sept. 2.-Arrangements have been completed for teaching the Igorrotes, Moros and Negritos the English language, and a school will be regularly conducted at the Philippine reservation until the close of the exposition. The first class will be held next Monday morning, and instruction will be commenced with the Moros. The Igorrotes will comprise the second class and the Negritos will be taken last. The Negrito is one of the most primitive races to the ethnologist, and efforts to instruct the members of the tribe in English will be watched with interest.

CORNER IN COMMODITIES.

Superior Court, Chicago, Hands Down Decision Thereon.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.-According to a deof the Superior court, board of trade operators who succeed in engineering a "corner" in wheat, corn or other comhave no right to compel payment of the manipulated price instead of the actual value of the commodity at the time set for settling of the trades. The case was that of a number of firms and individuals against board of trade operators and the against board of trade operators and the Bank of Montreal, in which latter institu-tion was tied up nearly \$500,600. This money represented the difference in price for July oats, 1902, which was dema by the manipulators of the "squeeze"

FIRE IN PORTLAND.

Oregon Metropolis Has a Scare From Flames.

PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 3.-Fire of an unknown origin broke out in the upper story of a dock used by a paint and oil company as a storage warehouse at the foot of Morrison street tonight at half-past 6. A strong wind was blowing up the Willamette river and an hour's delay, probably owing to inexperience, in getting the fire boat into action, seriously threatened the water front on the west side of the river, lying south of Morrison street. The loss was not great.

EDITORS ON WAY EAST.

Southern California Association Will Make Visit to Salt Lake.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3 .- About fifty members of the Southern California editorial association arrived here today on their way to the St. Louis exposition. After a trolley ride about the city they made an ascent of Mount Tamaipais and viewed various neighboring places of interest. They will leave for the East to night, stopping over at Salt Lake City

President Bradstreet's Company Dead. NEW YORK, Sept. 3.-Charles S. Finney Clark, president of the Bradstreet's company, died in London today of heart failure, presumably caused by an attack of indigestion, aged 68 years. The body will be brought back on the

Texas Fever Kills Cattle. LANCASTER, Pa., Sept. 2.—The disease that has been causing the death of a large number of cattle sent to the local stockyards from the West, and purchased by farmers, has been pronounced Texas fever. The outbreak has been reported to the national authorities. It is alleged that the inspectors have been negligent.

Kuropatkin's Army On Run, Liao Yang Has Been Abandoned

STAKELBERG'S CORPS CUT OFF

Numbers Twenty-Five Thousand Men.

Russians Blow Up Magazines and Set Fire to Army Stores.

Official Announcement of Russian Defeat Sent Out From St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 4 .- It is officially announced that Gen. Kuropatkin is retreating; that Liao Yang has been abandoned and that Gen. Stakelberg's corps has been cut off.

Liao Yang Evacuated.

A dispatch has been received here from Kuropatkin announcing that he has ordered his army to evacuate Liao Yang and withdraw northward.

Magazines Blown Up.

The Russians blew up the magazines and set fire to the army stores and provisions at Liao Yang before evacuating that place. The Japanese have occupied Liao Yang.

First Corps Cut Off.

The First Siberian army corps, numbering 25,000 men, under Gen. Stakelberg, was cut off westward of Liao Yang. The Russians are concentrating

Why Russians Left Liao Yang.

Gen. Kuropatkin says the First Siberian army corps, which during the past few days suffered considerable loss, has been obliged to retire several kilometers westward as the result of a decisive engagement. the Japanese attack on Sykewantung, hence the order to evacuate Liao Yang.

Brown Men Capture Sykwantun.

Gen. Kuropatkin says further: "On the night of September 1 Gen. Kuroki attacked Sykwantun, eleven miles east of Liao Yang, and captured a majority of the Russian positions, the occupation of which was completed on the night of September 2, the Russians retiring six miles distant.

Orloff Is Wounded.

"The First Siberian army corps was almost surrounded. This corps previously saved Gen. Orloff's detachment by attacking the Japanese flank when Gen. Orloff was threatened with annihilation. Gen. Orloff was seriously wounded."

Russia Hears News.

All Russia will learn by the morning newspapers that Gen. Kuropatkin's army is in full retreat to the northward; that Liao Yang has been abandoned, and that Gen. Stakelberg's corps is surrounded and cut off.

Hopes of Victory Short-Lived.

The hopes of victory raised in Russian breasts by the telegram from the commander-in-chief, published yesterday afternoon, saying that the Russians had advanced against Gen. Kuroki on Friday and that an attack on the Russian right had been repulsed, proved short lived.

Gen. Kuropatkin had scarcely begun the offensive against Gen. Kuroki's

Kuropatkin Hurriedly Withdraws.

army when he was compelled by the overwhelming force of the Japanese flanking movement to give up all idea of continuing his advance and hurriedly withdrew in the direction of Muk-

Sequence of a Plan.

The retreat is the logical quence of the Russian plan of leading on and tiring out the Japanese at the successive stations of the road northlengthening lines of communication, Blunder by Stakelburg.

The success of this plan was marred by a blunder of Gen. Stakelberg, who, in the words of Gen. Kuropatkin, insisted on placing his own interpretation on orders instead of fulfilling them. Gen. Stakelberg erred in failing to cross the Taitse river when Gen. Kuropatkin desired that the whole army should retreat to its northern bank, as was exclusively reported in dispatches to the Associated Press on September 2.

How Blunder Will Result.

This blunder, it is feared, will incolve the loss of the whole of the First Siberian army corps | consisting of the First, Second and Sixth rifle divisions, the Ussuri cossack brigade, the First Siberian artillery brigade and a Sapper

Loss of Stores.

The abandonment of the whole position at Liao Yang involves the loss of a great accumulation of stores, though it is believed that many of these already had been sent north before the commencement of fighting. It is more than possible, however, that the Russlans destroyed what they could not

Small Hope for Port Arthur.

Something akin to consternation prevalls among Russians who have learned of the disaster to Gen. Stakelberg's corps. All realize that there is small hope now for the relief of Port Arthur. View of Military Officials.

The military officials are unanimous in the belief that it would only be folly for Gen. Kuropatkin to remain and run the risk of being surrounded with his whole army and that the commanderin-chief, by his withdrawal north, has actually converted what might have been disaster to himself into what is regarded as a reverse for the Japanese, Gen. Kuropatkin's army and inflict a decigive blow, it is claimed, cannot be regarded otherwise than a reverse Field Marshal Oyama's tenacious frontal attack and the clever flank movement could not have had any other object than to compel the Russians to accept

Will Have Discouraging Effect.

Gen. Kuropatkin's retreat will undoubtedly have a discouraging effect on the garrison of Port Arthur, which can no longer hope for any relief from this source. It is doubtful, however, if the Japanese are in a position to press the siege, and it is more than probable that they have diverted a portion of the besieging army to reinforce their corps operating in Manchuria. This would account for the temporary lull in the fighting. It is noticeable that the slege reports reaching here do not mention further assaults on the fortress, but

SURPRISED THE RUSSIANS.

only spoke of bombardments.

Japs Lose Over 1000 Men in Fight at Palichuang.

CHEFOO, Sept. 3 .- On the night of August 29 the Japanese surprised the worn out Russians at Palichuang and inflicted severe losses. The Russians retired and the Japanese occupied their position. The next morning at 2 o'clock the Japanese, moving from their new vantage ground, in heavy force, desperately assaulted Palichuang and an adjoining fort repeatedly, until 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when they were compelled to retire, losing over 1000 men. Hand-to-Hand Fight.

Finding those forts impregnable, the next morning at 4 o'clock the Japanese forces hurled themselves against another fort near Palichuang. By hand-to hand fighting they succeeded in driving out the Russians and occupying their position at 7 o'clock in the morn-

Artillery was brought up and desperate efforts were made to make the posi-tion secure, but after enduring for seven hours artillery fire from the other forts the Japanese were compelled to retire. The Japanese succeeded, however, in rendering the position useless to the Russians and it is now unoccupied. Bombardment Continues

It is believed that this weakening of the Russian line will attract further efforts to break through in this quarter. The bombardment of the town continues

The foregoing information is brought from Port Arthur by an intelligent Chion and tiring out the Japanese at the successive stations of the road northward, thus placing their foe at the panese bombardment

BLOODIEST FIGHT IN HISTORY

Battle Fought at Short Range.

Combatants Separated at Times Only by Width of Railroad.

Wounded Artillerymen Beg to Be Allowed to Die Beside Their

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 4, 2:50 a m.-The battle of Liao Yang, which began with the Japanese advance on August 24, the day of the christening of the Czarevitch, and concluded Saturday, September 3, with the retreat of Gen. Kuropatkin, is believed to have been the longest and the bloodiest of

Fought at Close Range.

Numerous incidents in the fighting upset the theory evolved by experiences in the Boer war that a modern battle must necessarily be fought at long range. Both sides repeatedly came to hand-to-hand encounters in bayonet charges, and the men of both sides were often so near each other that they could distinguish features and hear words of comment.

Used Stones Instead of Guns.

In one instance they were separated only by the width of the railroad, and actually threw stones at each other. The mad heroism of the Japanese and the stubborn tenacity of the Russian has not been paralleled anywhere save in some desperate encounters of the

American Civil war. Japs Out of Ammunition.

Correspondents state that several of the bayonet attacks made by the Japanese throughout the battle have been forced by the depletion of ammunition, of which modern arms entail such extravagant expenditure. The Japanese came on with empty guns and with hopes of finishing the attack with cold steel, but it was proved at their own cost that such attack could not be driven home in the face of the fire of

breech-loading gurs.

Begged to Stay With Guns. The Russian artillerymen suffered terribly in the prolonged fighting south of the Taitse river. One battery lost forty men killed, and the remainder of it were wounded, and when a fresh battery was brought up into position the survivors protested with tears at being removed, begging to be allowed to

die beside their own guns. Red Cross Workers Killed.

The work of the Red Cross, which throughout the war has been devoted on both sides, has proved almost as dangerous to the nurses and doctors as has the work of the combatants. Many bearers and their assistants have been killed or wounded in attending to injured under fire. A sister of mercy was killed and a surgeon wounded in the final assaults on Liao Yang. Correspondents Shot.

Telegraph operators and correspondents have suffered severely. Two correspondents of the Associated Press have been shot and one has been decorated for bravery.

During the ten days' fighting the condition of the soldiers of both armles has been pitiable. Many of the Japanese prisoners were starving and almost naked when captured, which speaks volumes for Japanese endur-

Wonderful Commissary Arrangement It is wonderful that the commissary

arrangements made it possible to continue to supply the men during such a continuous battle. The Russians were better fed, being nearer their own base, but the terrible strain of the continuous fighting caused some of them to full asleep in the midst of cannonade and even on the firing line.

Taken Under Advisement.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—United States Circuit Judge Morrow today listened to argument in the cases of Frederick A. Hyde and Hey Dimond, who were yesterday ordered removed to the District of Columbia for trial for participation in the recent land frauds by United States District Judge Haven. After arguments for a writ of habeas corpusand a writ of review, Judge Morrow took the cases under advisement.